

Finn Church Aid (FCA)

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Chapeau We call forgovernmentsphilanthropic actors, and private sectfor increased funding for conflict prevention and peacebuilding.

x Review and strengthen civil society involvementUN structures and processes. At the midprint of the Asecdary 30 where series strift strift track in activity of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). Multiple and overlapping crises are causing growing instability and disruption in many regions. The UN Summit for the Future comes at the critical ttonetrengthen global commitment to human rights and to mobilize investmetorsachieving SDGs.

- x We call for accelerating investment to fulfill Sustainable development Goals
- x A key to scaling sustainable financing for development is to address the "missing middle", the lack of sustainable and growthriented and jobcreating Small and Mediutsized Enterprises (SMEs), especially 40109 -1.]-3 (s)9.iam

Chapter I. Sustainable development and financing for development

A key to scalingustainable financing for development is to address the "missing middle", the lack of sustainable and growtbriented and jobcreating Small and Mediussized Enterprises (SMEs) especially in the Least Developed Count(LegCs)

The "missing middleneeds to be addressed if sustainable, locally owned development is to happen. Private sectororiented development finance instruments have grown considerably duringypeass, but only little funding reaches SMEs in Least Developed Countries (LDC). Unlocking development finance for SMEs has the potential to vast positive impact on economically disadvantages countries.

Proposed paragraph:

We stress the need for locally owned and increasingly locally financed development, the crucial role of the private sector and especially the Small and Medisized Enterprises for sustainable development. SMEs are at the center of creation of sustainable jobs and livelihoods yet in Least Developed Countries (LDC), SMEs remain often informal and in survival mode. We invite the developing and developed countries, as well as leading private sector companies, UN agencies such as UNCTAD and ITC, investors as well as global SMEtakeholders, to jointly consider measures how to nurture sustainable SME ecosystems including incentivizing SMEstainability and transparency ahead of the International Conference on Financing for Development, scheduled for 2025.

Chapter II. International peace and security

Suggested paragraph:

We emphasize the United Nations' key mandate in working towards and maintaining global peace. We deplore the challenges of the UN and call on the strengthening of the UN's resources in maintaining peace. We emphasize the opportunities in inclusive peatering and call for the strengthening the role of youth, women and traditional and religious actors in peacebuilding. We urge the countries philanthropic actors and private sectors significantly increase the funding for conflict prevention and peacebuilding.

Chapter III. Science, technology and innovation and digital cooperation

Innovation and technology are key components which need to support the Leaving No One Behind - agenda, and not to increase the gap between the developed and developing countries. The Pact for the Future needs to prioritize the LD202 d fragile states contexts in the text and propose specific measures to address the concern.

Proposed paragraph:

We recognize that innovation and creativity will shape the future of our economy. Access to technology is a prerequisite for flourishing local job markets embracing opportunities vested in digital livelihoods also in the Least Developed Countries. We call for just mechanisms of technology transfer to developing counties and investments in sectors such as creative industries.

Chapter IV. Youth and future generations

Education is the single most important topic when considering providing youth and coming generations the future that we want. The Pact for the Future should focus especially on the Least Developed Countries (LDCs) and fragile states that risk being left behind, and two themes that have been chronically overlooked in the international development agenda: teachers and Technical and Vocational Education and Training (TVETT) e role of teachers and livelihoods oriented TVET should be underlined especially in mergency and protracted crisis contexts

Specific attention is needed for the situation of refugee children and youthable solutions, resettlement pathways to third countries and inclusion into national systems are needed for refugee

Proposecparagraphs

We recognize that teachers and their adequate capacity is a prerequisite of quality education. Globally,